## What to do if you're sick

#### CDC GUIDELINES

IF YOU THINK YOU HAVE BEEN EXPOSED TO COVID-19 AND DEVELOP A FEVER AND SYMPTOMS, SUCH AS COUGH OR DIFFICULTY BREATHING, CALL YOUR HEALTHCARE PROVIDER OR THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT FOR MEDICAL ADVICE. CALL: 865-983-4582 FOR THE

BLOUNT COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

### Stay home except to get medical care

- Stay home: People who are mildly ill with COVID-19 are able to isolate at home during their illness. You should restrict activities
- Avoid public areas: Do not go to work, school, or public areas.
   Avoid public transportation: This includes ride-sharing, or taxis.

# Separate yourself from other people and animals in your home

- Stay away from others: As much as possible, you should stay in
- Limit contact with pets & animals: You should restrict contact
  - When possible, have another member of your household care

#### Wear a facemask if you are sick

- If you are sick: You should wear a facemask when you are around other people (e.g., sharing a room or vehicle) or pets and before you enter a healthcare provider's office.
- If you are caring for others: If the person who is sick is not able breathing), then people who live with the person who is sick

#### Cover your coughs and sneezes

- Cover: Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough
- **Dispose:** Throw used tissues in a lined trash can.
- Wash hands: Immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or, if soap and water are not available, clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.

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#### Clean your hands often

- Wash hands: Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing; going to the bathroom; and before eating or preparing food.
- Hand sanitizer: If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol, covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry.
- Soap and water: Soap and water are the best option if hands are
  visibly dirty.
- Avoid touching: Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

### Avoid sharing personal household items

- Do not share: You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, or bedding with other people or pets in your home.
- Wash thoroughly after use: After using these items, they should be washed thoroughly with soap and water.

### Clean all "high-touch" surfaces everyday

- Seek medical attention: Seek prompt medical attention if your illness is worsening (e.g., difficulty breathing).
- Call your doctor: Before seeking care, call your healthcare provider and tell them that you have, or are being evaluated for, COVID-19.
- Wear a facemask when sick: Put on a facemask before you enter the facility. These steps will help the healthcare provider's office to keep other people in the office or waiting room from getting infected or exposed.
- Alert health department: Ask your healthcare provider to call
  the local or state health department. Persons who are placed
  under active monitoring or facilitated self-monitoring should follow
  instructions provided by their local health department or
  occupational health professionals, as appropriate.

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### Monitor your symptoms

- Clean and disinfect: Practice routine cleaning of high touch surfaces. High touch surfaces include counters, tabletops, doorknobs, bathroom fixtures, toilets, phones, keyboards, tablets, and bedside tables.
- Disinfect areas with bodily fluids: Also, clean any surfaces that
- Household cleaners: Use a household cleaning spray or wipe.
   Labels contain instructions for safe and effective use of the cleaning product including precautions you should take when applying the product, such as wearing gloves and making sure you have good ventilation during use of the product.

#### Discontinuing home isolation

- Stay at home until instructed to leave: Patients with confirmed COVID-19 should remain under home isolation precautions until the risk of secondary transmission to others is thought to be low.
- Talk to your healthcare provider: The decision to discontinue home isolation precautions should be made on a case-by-case basis, in consultation with healthcare providers and state and local health departments.

